PLANT FACT SHEET

Acacia synchronicia ms Maslin

GENUS *Acacia* **FAMILY** Fabaceae

COMMON NAMES Bardi bush

EDIBLE PARTS AND USES

Edible parts: Pods, Seeds, Gum

DESCRIPTION

A shrub or small tree growing up to 3 m tall. It is often straggly. It has spiny processes near the base of the leaf. Older trees have less spines. The leaves (phyllodes) are light green. They vary between being linear to oval shaped. The midrib can be easily seen. On young shoots leaves and flowers develop at the same time. Normally there are two flower stalks in the angles where leaves join the stem. The flower heads are pale yellow balls. The flower heads are small but there are many of them. The pods are oblong and flat. They are raised over the seeds. The pods are thin and papery. They are light brown. The seeds are brown and they cling onto the pod. Where the seeds join the pod is pale olive.

HABITAT

It occurs in northern Australia. It grows along dry stream beds.

NOTES

There are about 1,350 Acacia species. Over 1,000 occur in Australia. Also as Mimosaceae.

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PROVIDED BY **Food Plants International**

French, B.R. & Maynard, A.R. Food Plants International Database. Food Plants International

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ONLINE FACT SHEET https://www.echocommunity.org/en/resources/138bbc67-be5e-496b-ab03-61aaddf3e87f