PLANT FACT SHEET

Crataegus pinnatifida var. major N.E. Br.

GENUS *Crataegus* **FAMILY** Rosaceae

COMMON NAMES Mayhaw, Chinese haw, Chinese hawberry

EDIBLE PARTS AND USES

Edible parts: Fruit

The fruit are eaten. They are also candied. They are also made into preserves and cooked or stewed.

DESCRIPTION

A small tree. It grows 7 m high. It usually has few thorns. It loses its leaves during the year. The flowers are white. The fruit are red with white dots. They are 2-3 cm across.

HABITAT

Temperate.

PRODUCTION

Cultivation

Plants can be grown from seed. The seed need cold treatment. Plants can also be grafted.

NOTES

There are 200 or more Crataegus species.

PICTURES



Credit: Food Plants International (Bruce French)

REFERENCES

Arora, R. K., 2014, Diversity in Underutilized Plant Species - An Asia-Pacific Perspective. Bioversity International. p 65

Bodkin, F., 1991, Encyclopedia Botanica. Cornstalk publishing, p 297

Flora of China. www.eFloras.org Volume 9

Gard. Chron. ser. 2, 26:621, fig. 121. 1886

Hibbert, M., 2002, The Aussie Plant Finder 2002, Florilegium. p 75

Lyle, S., 2006, Discovering fruit and nuts. Land Links. p 161

Plants for a Future database, The Field, Penpol, Lostwithiel, Cornwall, PL22 0NG, UK. http://www.scs.leeds.ac.uk/pfaf/

Ryan, S., 2008, Dicksonia. Rare Plants Manual. Hyland House. p 20

USDA, ARS, National Genetic Resources Program. Germplasm Resources Information Network - (GRIN). [Online Database] National Germplasm Resources Laboratory, Beltsville, Maryland. Available: www.ars-grin.gov/cgi-bin/npgs/html/econ.pl (10 April 2000)

Wiersema, J. H. & Leon, B., 2013, World Economic Plants. A Standard Reference CRC Press. 2nd Ed. p 209

PROVIDED BY **Food Plants International**

French, B.R. & Maynard, A.R. Food Plants International Database. Food Plants International

LICENCE CC BY-NC-SA 3.0

ONLINE FACT SHEET https://www.echocommunity.org/en/resources/166de4fd-ebdf-47d0-b51b-f8177be326b1