PLANT FACT SHEET

Corymbia terminalis (F. Muell.) K. D. Hill & L. A. S. Johnson

GENUS *Corymbia* **FAMILY** Myrtaceae

COMMON NAMES Inland Bloodwood, Western Bloodwood

EDIBLE PARTS AND USES

Edible parts: Galls, Manna, Lerp, flower - nectar, Seeds

The sap from the leaf is pounded and roasted. It may be the result of insect damage.

DESCRIPTION

A small tree. It grows 10 m high. It often has several stems. The bark is mottled and rusty or brown. It is scaly. The leaves are pale and yellowish-green. They are pointed at the tip. The buds are cream coloured and 1 cm long. They occur in clusters at the ends of stems. The flowers are cream. They can be pink in the centre. The capsules are urn shaped with thick rims. They have 4 deeply enclosed valves.

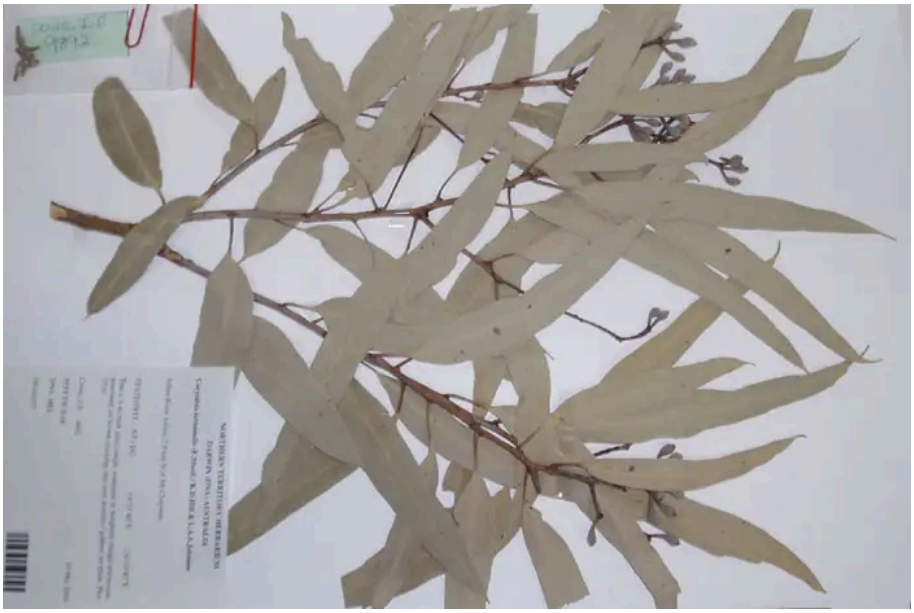
HABITAT

A tropical plant. It grows on red, sandy or loamy country. It is also on stony hillsides. It can grow in arid places.

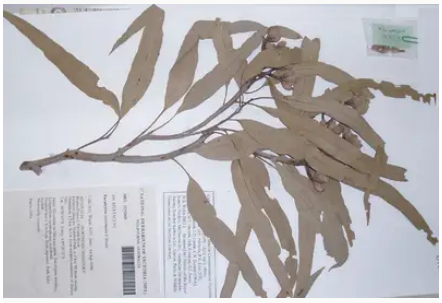
NOTES

There are a 110 Corymbia species mostly originally in Australia.

PICTURES



Credit: Food Plants International (Bruce French)



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French, B.R. & Maynard, A.R. Food Plants International Database. Food Plants International

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