PLANT FACT SHEET

Wrightia arborea (Dennst.) Mabb.

GENUS *Wrightia* **FAMILY** Apocynaceae

COMMON NAMES Woolly dyeing rosebay

EDIBLE PARTS AND USES

Edible parts: Leaves, Fruit

The young tender leaves are boiled and eaten.
The fruit are eaten raw.

DESCRIPTION

A tree. It grows 20 m tall. The branches are grey and hairy. The leaves are oval and 6-18 cm long by 3-9 cm wide. The flowers are pink or yellow. The fruit are straight and rough with white specks.

HABITAT

It is a tropical plant. It grows in deciduous or mixed forests and along stream banks between 200-1,500 m above sea level in southern China.

REFERENCES

Dobriyal, M. J. R. & Dobriyal, R., 2014, Non Wood Forest Produce an Option for Ethnic Food and Nutritional Security in India. Int. J. of Usuf. Mngt. 15(1):17-37

Jadhav, R., et al, 2015, Forest Foods of Northern Western Ghats: Mode of Consumption, Nutrition and Availability. Asian Agri-History Vol. 19, No. 4: 293-317

Kachenchart, B., et al, 2008, Phenology of Edible Plants at Sakaerat Forest. In Proceedings of the FORTROP II: Tropical Forestry Change in a Changing World. Bangkok, Thailand.

Kaewjampa, N., et al, 2014, Investigation Species of Edible Tree and Medicinal Plants in Faculty of Agriculture, Khon Kaen University. International Journal of Environmental and Rural Development (2014) 5-1

Kar, A., et al, 2013, Wild Edible Plant Resources used by the Mizos of Mizoram, India. Kathmandu University Journal of Science, Engineering and Technology. Vol. 9, No. 1, July, 2013, 106-126

Mallick, S. N., et al, 2020, Ethnobotanical study of wild edible food plants used by the tribals and rural populations of Odisha, India. Plant Archives Vol. 20, No. 1, 2020 pp. 661-669

Rashid, M. H., et al, 2013, Inventory of Threatened Plants of Bangladesh and their Conservation Management. International Journal of Environment. Vol. 3 No. 1 p 152

Satyavani, S., Satyavathi, K., Devi Soundarya, S., B Padal, S., 2015, Wild Edible plants Used for Indigenous Community of North –Coastal Andhra Pradesh, India, BMR Phytomedicine 2 (1).1-7

Upreti, K., et al, 2010, Diversity and Distribution of Wild Edible Fruit Plants of Uttarakhand. Bioversity Potentials of the Himalaya. p 194

PROVIDED BY **Food Plants International**

French, B.R. & Maynard, A.R. Food Plants International Database. Food Plants International

LICENCE CC BY-NC-SA 3.0

ONLINE FACT SHEET https://www.echocommunity.org/en/resources/b8f79604-4002-4a18-9746-d135ae96d511