PLANT FACT SHEET

Rubus steudneri Schweinf.

GENUS *Rubus* **FAMILY** Rosaceae

EDIBLE PARTS AND USES

Edible parts: Fruit

The ripe fruit are eaten raw.

DESCRIPTION

A shrub. It grows 4 m tall. It has small curved prickles. The leaves are simple or can have 3 or 5 leaflets. The flowers are usually in a large group. The petals are pink. The fruit are orange or dark red.

HABITAT

It is a tropical plant.

REFERENCES

Alemayehu, G., et al, 2015, Plant diversity and ethnobotany in Berehet District, North Shewa Zone of Amhara Region (Ethiopia) with emphasis on wild edible plants. Journal of Medicinal Plants Studies 2015; 3(6): 93-105

Ashagre, M., et al, 2016, Ethnobotanical study of wild edible plants in Burji District, Segan Area Zone of Southern Nations, Nationalities and Peoples Region (SNNPR), Ethiopia. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine (2016) 12:32

Biri, A., et al, 2024, Ethnobotanical study of wild edible plants in Arsi Robe district of East Arsi Zone, Ethiopia. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine. 20:70

Bussman, R. W., et al, 2011, Plant Use in Odo-Bulu and Demaro, Bale region, Ethiopia. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine. 2011, 7:28

Giday, M., et al, 2023, Use of wild edible and nutraceutical plants in Raya-Azebo District of Tigray Region, northern Ethiopia. Tropical Medicine and Health (2023) 51:58

Guzo, S., et al, 2023, Ethnobotanical study of underutilized wild edible plants and threats to their long-term existence in Midakegn District, West Shewa Zone, Central Ethiopia. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine. 19:30

Hankiso, M., et al, 2023, Ethnobotany of wild edible plants in Soro District of Hadiya Zone, southern Ethiopia. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine. 19:21

Kidane, B., et al, 2014, Ethnobotany of Wild and Semi-wild Edible Fruit Species used by Maale and Ari Ethnic Communities in South Ethiopia. Ethnobotany Research and Applications. Vol. 12, 1546-3465-12-455

Kidane, L. & Kejela, A.,2021, Food security and environment conservation through sustainable use of wild and semi-wild edible plants: a case study in Berek Natural Forest, Oromia special zone, Ethiopia. Agric & Food Secur (2021) 10:29

Luizza, M. W., et al., 2013, Local Knowledge of Plants and their uses among Women in the Bale Mountains, Ethiopia. Ethnobotany Research & Applications 11:315-339

Lulekal, E., et al, 2011, Wild edible plants in Ethiopia: a review on their potential to combat food insecurity. Afrika Focus - Vol. 24, No 2. pp 71-121

Mengistu, F. & Hager, H., 2008, Wild Edible Fruit Species Cultural Domain, Informant Species Competence and Preference in Three Districts of Amhara Region, Ethiopia. Ethnobotany Research & Applications 6:487-502

Mutie, F. M., et al, 2023, Important Medicinal and Food Taxa (Orders and Families) in Kenya, Based on Three Quantitative Approaches. Plants 2023, 12, 1145

Regassa, T., et al, 2014, Ethnobotany of Wild and Semi-Wild Edible Plants of Chelia District, West-Central Ethiopia. Science, Technology and Arts Research Journal. 3(4): 122-134

Senbeta, F., et al, 2013, Diversity of Useful Plants in the Coffee Forests of Ethiopia. Ethnobotany Research & Applications 11:049-069

Seyoum, Y., et al, 2015, Edible Wild Fruit Trees and Shrubs and Their Socioeconomic Significance in Central Ethiopia. Ethnobotany Research & Applications. 14:183-197

PROVIDED BY **Food Plants International**

French, B.R. & Maynard, A.R. Food Plants International Database. Food Plants International

LICENCE CC BY-NC-SA 3.0

ONLINE FACT SHEET https://www.echocommunity.org/en/resources/c2afb54a-2792-4fed-9185-064d157e1c10