PLANT FACT SHEET

Use with caution

This plant can be harmful if it is eaten raw, in large amounts or without the right preparation. Read the whole fact sheet before use.

Turbinellus floccosus (Schwein.) Earle ex Giachini and Castellano

GENUS *Turbinellus* **FAMILY** Gomphaceae

EDIBLE PARTS AND USES

Edible parts: Fungus, Mushroom

It is commonly eaten by some people.
Caution: It is poisonous to some people,

DESCRIPTION

A mushroom.

HABITAT

It is a tropical plant.

REFERENCES

Agrahar-Murugkar, D. and Subbulakshmi, G., 2005, Nutritional value of wild mushrooms collected from the Khasi hills of Meghalaya. Food Chemistry 89: 599-603 (As Gomphus floccosus)

Boa, E. R., 2004, Wild edible fungi and their importance to people. FAO Non Wood Forest Products Booklet 17 (As Gomphus floccosus) and (As Cantharellus floccosus)

Estrada-Martinez, E., et al, 2009, Contribucion al conocimiento etnomicologico de los Hongos Comestibles Silvestres de Mercados Regionales y Comunidades de la Sierra Nevada (Mexico). Intercienca Jan 2009 Vol. 34 No. 1 (As Gomphus floccosus)

Farfan B., et al, 2007, Mazahua Ethnobotany and Subsistence in the Monarch Butterfly Biosphere Reserve, Mexico. Economic Botany 61(2) pp 173-191 (As Gomphus floccosus)

Golgol, P., et al, 1998, Wild Edible Mushrooms of Meghalaya. Ancient Science of Life. Vol. 17(3) pp 190-193 (As Cantharellus floccosus)

Imai, 1938, (As Cantharellus floccosus)

Khaund, P., & Joshi, S. R., 2013, Wild edible macrofungal species consumed by the Khasi tribe of Meghalaya, India. Indian Journal of Natural Products and Resources. 4(2) pp 197-204 (As Gomphus floccosus)

Kiple, K.F. & Ornelas, K.C., (eds), 2000, The Cambridge World History of Food. CUP p 318 (As Cantharellus floccosus)

Montoya, A., et al, 2003, Traditional Knowledge about Mushrooms in a Nahua Community in the State of Tlaxcala, Mexico. Mycologia 95(5) pp. 793-806 (As Gomphus floccosus)

Montoya, A., et al, 2014, Availability of Wild Edible Fungi in La Malinche National park, Mexico. Journal of Mycology. Article ID 241896, 15 pages

Pace, G., 1998, Mushrooms of the world. Firefly books. p 224 (As Cantharellus floccosus)

Perez-Moreno, J. et al, 2008, Wild Mushroom Markets in Central Mexico and a Case Study at Ozumba. Economic Botany, 62(3), 2008, pp. 425–436 (As Gomphus floccosus)

Perez-Moreno, J., et al, 2009, Social and Biotechnological Studies of Wild Edible Mushrooms in Mexico. Acta Botanica Yunnanica Suppl. XV1: 55-61 (As Gomphus floccosus)

Thatoi, H. & Singdevsachan, S. K., 2014, Diversity, nutritional composition and medicinal potential of Indian mushrooms: A review. African Journal of Biotechnology 13(4): 523-545 (As Gomphus floccosus)

PROVIDED BY **Food Plants International**

French, B.R. & Maynard, A.R. Food Plants International Database. Food Plants International

LICENCE CC BY-NC-SA 3.0

ONLINE FACT SHEET https://www.echocommunity.org/en/resources/c5834836-144b-49d5-b4a4-b7f1e52f0d2d