PLANT FACT SHEET

Brassaiopsis glomerulata (Blume) Regel

GENUS *Brassaiopsis* **FAMILY** Araliaceae

COMMON NAMES Hoblaiso

EDIBLE PARTS AND USES

Edible parts: Leaves, Fruit

The fruit are eaten as chutney.
The young leaves are made into chutney.

DESCRIPTION

A tree. It grows 20 m tall. The branches have prickles. They have a rusty red coating when young. The leaves are compound and have leaflets arranged like fingers on a hand. There are 5-9 leaflets. The leaflets are 15-35 cm long by 6-15 cm wide. The fruit are round and 7-10 mm across.

HABITAT

It is a tropical plant. It grows on mountain slopes and in valleys between 400-2,400 m above sea level. In Sichuan and Yunnan.

REFERENCES

Cao, Y., et al, 2020, Ethnobotanical study on wild edible plants used by three trans-boundary ethnic groups in Jiangcheng County, Pu'er, Southwest China. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine (2020) 16:66

Johnson, N., 2002, Environmental Change in northern Thailand: Impact on Wild Edible Plant Availability. Ecology of Food and Nutrition, 41: 5, 373-399

Murtem, G. & Chaudhrey, P., 2016, An ethnobotanical note on wild edible plants of Upper Eastern Himalaya, India. Brazilian Journal of Biological Sciences, 2016, v. 3, no. 5, p. 63-81 (As Brassiopsis)

Priyadi, H., et al, Five hundred plant species in Gunung Halimun Salak National Park West Java. A checklist including Sundanese names, distribution and use. CIFOR, FFPRI, SLU p 137

Srivastava, R. C., 2010, Traditional knowledge of Nyishi (Daffla) tribe of Arunachal Pradesh. Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge. 9(1):26-37 (Also as Brassaiopsis speciosa)

Suwardi, A.B., et al, 2023, The diversity and regional conservation status of wild edible fruit species in Sumatra, Indonesia. Biodiversitas Vol. 24 No. 6. pp 3245-3257

PROVIDED BY **Food Plants International**

French, B.R. & Maynard, A.R. Food Plants International Database. Food Plants International

LICENCE CC BY-NC-SA 3.0

ONLINE FACT SHEET https://www.echocommunity.org/en/resources/daac88b8-e67d-4e90-961c-5589990075b0