PLANT FACT SHEET

Coprinus micaceus (Bull.) Fr.

GENUS *Coprinus* **FAMILY** Agaricaceae

COMMON NAMES Glistening ink cap, Early inky, Mica cap, Small inky cap

EDIBLE PARTS AND USES

Edible parts: Mushroom, Fungus

The fruiting bodies are eaten. They can be simmered in butter and the jucie thickened with flour to make a sauce. They can be baked with milk, a beaten egg, seasonings and dry bread crumbs.

DESCRIPTION

A mushroom.

HABITAT

It is a temperate and tropical plant. It is eaten among the Dani of Papua Indonesia.

PRODUCTION

Harvesting and Seed Production

They should be harvested when very young when the gills are white.

REFERENCES

Boa, E. R., 2004, Wild edible fungi and their importance to people. FAO Non Wood Forest Products Booklet 17

Cerne, M., 1992, Wild Plants from Slovenia used as Vegetables. Acta Horticulturae 318

Crowe, A., 1997, A Field Guide to the Native Edible Plants of New Zealand. Penguin. p 133

Facciola, S., 1998, Cornucopia 2: a Source Book of Edible Plants. Kampong Publications, p 251

Guild, B., 1979, The Alaskan Mushroom Hunter's Guide. Alaska Northwest Publishing Company. p 164

Hall, I. R., et al, 2003, Edible and Poisonous Mushrooms of the World. Timber Press. p 310

Kaul, 1981,

Kiple, K.F. & Ornelas, K.C., (eds), 2000, The Cambridge World History of Food. CUP p 318

Low, T., 1992, Bush Tucker. Australia's Wild Food Harvest. Angus & Robertson. p 167

Uphof,

Walulo, E. B., 2008, Review: Research Ethnobotany in Indonesia and the Future Perspectives. Biodiversitas Vol. 9 Nomor 1. Halaman 59-63 http://www.unsjournals.com/D/D0901/D090114.pdf

www.unesco.org/mab/doc/mys/2000/final report_ghana/pdf

PROVIDED BY **Food Plants International**

French, B.R. & Maynard, A.R. Food Plants International Database. Food Plants International

LICENCE CC BY-NC-SA 3.0

ONLINE FACT SHEET https://www.echocommunity.org/en/resources/e512204c-ea79-4d19-861f-8ea0c31241eb